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1843

Robert Capron's

REMARKS

ON THE

STONE AND GRAVEL

IN THE

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER,

WITH AN ACCOUNT OF THE

DISCOVERY OF A SOLVENT REMEDY,

NOW USED WITH UNIVERSAL SUCCESS, AND COMMONLY KNOWN AS

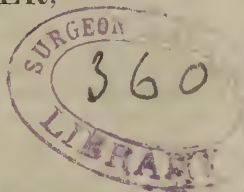
DR. LEE'S GRAVEL SPECIFIC.

BY SAMUEL H. P. LEE, M. D.

Member of the Medical Society of Connecticut.

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1843.



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TO THE PUBLIC.

My name having been before the public for a number of years, as Author and sole preparer of the "NEW-LONDON BILIOUS PILLS, I trust an apology need not be made for its re-appearance with another offspring from my *Medical-Studio*, when they are assured that I am forcibly pressed to do so by the repeated requests and solicitations of patients who have been cured of this distressing malady, by the use of my *Solvent Remedy*, thereby evincing in them an honorable sympathy for the sufferings of others.

The only objection, so long entertained, of giving to my medicine a public character is, the cupidity with which unprincipled panders seize upon every public medicine of repute, and with a base and fraudulent counterfeit, disappoint the public expectations, to the great injury of both the afflicted and the proprietor. But the public good demands this sacrifice, and I yield my scruples, believing that by affixing my *written* signature to each package, the afflicted will be secured in the benefits of my genuine article.

Some twenty years ago, I prepared a compound vegetable Solvent, for a patient most severely afflicted with the Gravel and Stone in the kidneys and bladder, which effectually and speedily performed a radical cure. Such was the powerful operation of its solvent and cleansing properties upon the Renal organs, giving ease and comfort in the most distressing paroxysms, and finding the same happy effects in every case, and in numerous other cases, I adopted it in my nomenclature of practice, for all calculous afflictions of the kidneys, bladder and gall ducts, with equal and satisfactory success. From that period to the present time, I am very frequently called upon for this medicine, from all parts of the world, where *Yankee enterprise* have invited those once cured, who communicated the facts to their suffering neighbors.

This MEDICINE is now before the public, based on the fairest prospect of doing much good to suffering huma-

nity. Its distinguished merits, over every *Lithontriptic* I have ever known, warrants and sustains my firm belief in its future celebrity—a celebrity not dependent on puffing advertisements, but in the smiles of happy mortals, proclaiming to the world a sovereign remedy. No one, of either sex, age, or constitution, however severely afflicted, or however long, need to despair of a cure—or at least manifest relief. A short trial will convince the most skeptical of its powerful influence, and insure a perseverance until a radical cure is effected.

To Medical Practitioners, and more particularly to those who have for many years found my Bilious Pills a convenient and effectual cathartic, in their daily practice, I venture to presume upon their disinterested philanthropy, and invite their attention to the trial of my Solvent Lithontriptic, and can assure them that their success will exceed their highest expectations.

That the public may not hastily conclude that this discovery is a catchpenny affair, like too many of modern announcement—and that I have not held my name and medical reputation so fragile as to patronize every new born panacea, I beg leave to submit to the reader the following testimonials of my medical character in early life, trusting that in my more advanced experience, I have not retrograded in Medical knowledge and usefulness.

“VOTES OF THE CONNECTICUT MEDICAL SOCIETY.”

At a meeting of the Fellows of the Connecticut Medical Convention, October, 1794,

VOTED, *That the thanks of this Society be given to Doct. Samuel H. P. Lee, of New-London, for his ingenious answer to their second prize question, upon Autumnal Bilious Fevers.*

At a meeting of the Fellows, &c., in May, 1797,

RESOLVED, *That the thanks of this Society be given to Samuel H. P. Lee, New-London, for his answer to their prize question—“What is the best method of preventing Quincy, (Cynanche Tonsillaris of Dr. Cullen,) after the inflammatory state is fully formed, from terminating in mortification and discharge?”*

A FEW OBSERVATIONS ON THE HISTORY AND PROGRESS
OF THE DISEASE.

Ever since the days of Hippocrates, medical men have been anxiously looking for a solvent for the *Gravel* and *Stone* in the kidneys and bladder; the ancients investigated the subject with great ardor—tried many experiments with such articles as were known, to dissolve *Calculi* out of the body, but failing to reach such substances through the sanguiferous system, gave up the pursuit, and rested their hopes upon the future developements of medical science, fully persuaded that so formidable a disease must have an antagonist remedy, with specific powers to dislodge the system of such extraneous particles.

The Greek physicians made some progress in preventing, but none in curing the disease; they very properly conceived the idea that a vitiated and deranged digestion laid the foundation for impurities in the blood, which in passing through the emulgent secretions, formed a viscid mucus, combining with the uric or ammoniated salts, as they conceived, thereby generating earthy substances, and lodging in the kidneys, and from their irritating surfaces forcing their passage through the ureters in the bladder, there to accumulate into stone, or perchance pass off by urine. During the early ages of Christianity, medical men did not relax in their researches, and laid the foundation of a more rational system of Pathology, by the adoption of articles taken into the stomach, having a direct action on the kidneys and emulgent secretory organs. Galen, Paracelsus, Helment, and others, up to the time of Boerhave exercised all their physiological powers to this object, but their success was evanescent and unsatisfactory, and seemed to yield to the induction of operative surgery, among the improvements of which, Lithotomy took the foremost rank, as a substitute for Lithontriptics. From the days of Boerhave to the present time, the science of medicine has undergone great and important changes, by the revolutions produced from chemical developments, and raised the expectations of many, *that* as the ancient doctrines of *earth*, *air*, and *water*, long supposed to be primary elements, has become merged in the discovery of their heterogenous combination, a prejudice in favor of chemical remedies was introduced, which by dissolving calculous concretions

out of the body, were confidently expected to pass the barriers of digestion, instead of entering the circulation, and the secretory vessels of the kidneys unchanged. The Pathology of the disease, and the phenomena of urinary calculi examined by the new chemical tests, opened the flood gates of genius, and the most fanciful theories, founded on the doctrines of *acids* and *alkalis* prevailed. Each sect had their day, and the boldness with which they administered those agents, beyond the incompatibility of direct medicinal influence, brought their practice into disrepute, and most of their medicines being of a caustic and irritating nature, the delicate and exquisitely sensible membranes of the bladder thereby suffered nearly as much from morbid inflammation produced, as from the mechanical action of the angular points of gravel. Still the experiments went on, and the hopes and wishes of the most zealous, confidently expected that some lucky hit or accident (as most of the useful discoveries in combined medication are obtained) a solvent detergent adapted to the case would be produced, which genius and chemical philosophy had failed to accomplish.

An eminent French writer (*Paris*) says, “ *The urine may be considered as one of the most heterogenous of animal fluids;*” and this remark is verified by the fact, that from the elaborate analysis of *Berzelius*, he found this fluid holding in solution *thirteen different substances*; hence the impracticability that a single agent could dissolve those extraneous substances in the body; combinations, multi-form and antagonistical in their vital action, were resorted to with no better success, and palliative remedies with the quieting powers of opium, were the only leading indications of the schools of medicine for the last century in this disease.”

These remarks lead me to announce to those suffering under this malady, *that I have made a Pharmaceutical discovery, in the combination of vegetable and chemical agents, which, when administered, dissolves calculous concretions, and ejects them from the kidneys and bladder in the urine.*

This important and long looked for desideratum is now fully demonstrated, by a course of practice for many years, with unexampled success. Among the numerous cases which have been cured by this remedy, a number of the certificates have been drawn up by the sufferers them-

selves, and voluntarily communicated for the benefit of the afflicted, supported by facts which cannot be controverted.

Medical men may possibly doubt the existence of such a discovery and exhaust their argumentative powers, under the banners of modern chemistry, and arrive at conclusions apparently satisfactory. But it is ever to be remembered, that THEORY is one thing, and FACTS resulting from well tried experience, is another. I trust that no one who claims to sympathize with his suffering patients, will yield to professional prejudices until he has tested the powers of my compound. To such whose liberality is open to conviction, I tender my services and medicine for their personal observation. The success of this remedy authorizes and requires my exclusive attention to this disease. The afflicted at a distance may consult me by letter, (postage paid) describing their case from its commencement, giving the leading symptoms which characterise the disease, the remedies used, state of the constitution and condition of general health, &c., and immediate attention will be given to all such applications if accompanied with a fee of Five Dollars, which will procure medicine enough to cure a case of moderate severity. Resident patients will be charged according to the severity of the disease, and ability to pay, subject however to their voluntary approval. The poor, on recommendation in writing by the clergy or civil authority, GRATIS.

SAML. H. P. LEE, M. C. M. S.

ON THE STONE AND GRAVEL, OR LITHIASIS.

Particles of stone, or earthy, gravelly concretions, are known to float in the circulating fluids of the human body, and to form into concrete masses, in many of the secretory organs, more especially in those applicable to the secretion of Urine.

The causes which produce the deposition of these particles in the kidneys, bladder, gall ducts, &c., &c., are variously accounted for by medical writers; but as all classes of people, ages and sexes, whether living in luxury and plenty, or in the humble walks of poverty, are liable to the disease, it would be difficult to point out any particular regimen of diet, or habits of life conducive to its appearance. It is sufficient that calculous diseases exist,

and much more frequently than is generally supposed; my present purpose is merely to describe its character, and present the remedy.

SYMPTOMS.

The gravel in the kidneys and bladder, is attended with a fixed pain in the loins, numbness of the thighs, nausea, vomiting, and not unfrequently with a slight suppression of urine. As the gravel removes from the kidneys down into the ureters and bladder, it sometimes produces such acute pains as to create faintings and convulsions. The patient, at times, cannot bear any kind of rough motion or great exercise, without enduring great torture, a discharge of bloody urine, and some degree of temporary suppression—pain in the neck of the bladder, tenesmus, or griping and itching of the *Sphincter Ani*—cold chills, uneasy desponding feelings, inaction and lassitude of the whole body, discharges of bloody urine, depositing a sediment of gravelly matter, sometimes red, at others of an ash color, with a glairy mucus covered with filaments or stringy substances.

These symptoms are generally aggravated by exercise, particularly by riding on horseback; and from a long continuance of pain, and from that want of rest which frequent returns of the paroxysms are sure to induce, the patient's state of health by degrees becomes much impaired, and unless some effectual means are now employed for removing the cause, it commonly happens that his misery is only terminated by death, or a life spent in misery and distress.

DIRECTIONS.

If a patient, when about to commence the use of this Solvent Medicine, happens to have a constipation of the bowels, or is very costive, he would do well to take a cathartic of some opening medicine, such as Castor Oil, or any purge he is familiar with, to prepare the lacteals for an active absorption. His diet and daily drinks need not be changed or altered, except in avoiding the use of fermented liquors, and wines abounding with tartar, and all acids. If in the daily habit of using much liquid drinks, he will do well to substitute those for a decoction of the *dandelion*, which may be made agreeable by sweetening, to the extent of from a pint to a quart in a day, to aid the medi-

cine in its effects on the absorbent and secretory organs, especially those leading directly from the stomach to the kidneys. If the dandelion cannot conveniently be obtained, (*it can always be obtained at the Druggists from the Shakers*) then soft water, either rain or spring, or any water free from mineral impregnation, may be used. This medicine will not interfere with any out-door exposure, such as easy travelling, or gentle, regular exercise. He should observe the same rules of diet and exercise that a temperate habit would enjoin upon a healthy person. Persons engaged in any active employment on land or water, may use the medicine without any ill effects. Its salutary results are soon perceived by a passive amelioration of all his distressing symptoms and a freedom of the secretory evacuations, and should be persevered in until the complaint entirely disappears, and the urine has a natural and healthy appearance. To dissolve the calculi, or gall stones in the biliary ducts, known to exist by the violent paroxysms of sharp, cutting, pungent pains, at the pit of the stomach, extending through the region of the liver, with vomitings accompanied with white or light colored stools, the medicine should be continued two or three months, omitting five or six days at intervals, once in three weeks. During such intervals, a dose of two or three of my *genuine Bilioous Pills* (*to be genuine, the envelope upon each box must have the same "written signature" that is attached to this work*) would aid the Solvent in its action upon the gall stones by stimulating the ducts, and thereby facilitate their passage into the duodenum, relieving the patient immediately. To prevent a recurrence of the gall stones, the Solvent should be continued, about one pill per day, for one or two months, in bad cases.

DOSE.—Take a pill of this compound [per sample] morning and evening, upon an empty stomach, for three or four days; then take three times a day, morning noon and night. Thus continue until a cure is effected, which will generally be accomplished in three or four weeks, in ordinary cases; but when the disease is of long standing, or a large stone in the bladder or kidneys is to be dissolved it will take from five to twelve months. To make the cure permanent, and to restore the fluids and secretory organs to a healthy sound state, it would be advisable

to continue the medicine, reduced in quantity to a pill per day, and every other day, for weeks, or months, according to the previous violence of the disease. This medicine is also good in a variety of other complaints, as sour eructations, or sour stomach, gout, rheumatism of the joints, dyspepsia, infantile diseases, such as cholera infantum, heat and excoriation of urine, strictures in the urinary passages, &c., &c. Children under ten years of age, should take half the quantity, or half sized pills, in the same divisions of time.

RULES TO BE OBSERVED WHILE TAKING DR. LEE'S MEDICINES FOR THE GRAVEL AND STONE.

1st. All other medicine of an alterative character, of any description whatever, commonly used or recommended for the disease, is strictly prohibited; this prohibition however, is not meant to include Anti-spasmodics, or Cathartics, if from the violence of pain, or nervous irritability, or constipation of the bowels, remedies to remove either, such as Opium, Morphine, or any customary active Cathartics to open the bowels, are indicated; when purgatives are necessary, the gravel medicine should be omitted during the operation, and resumed as soon as the bowels are opened.

2d. All acids, such as Vinegar, Pickles, Cider, sour Wines, sour Bread, sour Fruits, Lemon Juice, sour Oranges, Apples, Lemonade, &c., are to be strictly avoided, as they will change the character of the medicine in the stomach, and render its effects inoperative.

3d. The patient's diet and regimen may be continued as usual with the exception of acids as above. If accustomed to Gin, Brandy, Madeira, Sherry or Port Wines, they may be continued moderately, if desired. All kinds of food that is easy of digestion, either animal or vegetable, should be preferred; moderate exercise and atmospheric exposure, as usual, does not interfere with the action of the Solvent in the system.

4th. The medicine should be taken from half an hour to an hour previous to eating any food.

5th. A patient's perseverance in the use of the medicine, as long as any symptoms of the disease exist, is recommended, the use of which is always sure to improve the general health, appetite and digestion.

6th. Honey may be used freely in the tea if desired.

TESTIMONIALS.

The following certificates, among a great number of the same tenor, were sent to me by the writers, with a desire that they be made public for the benefit of mankind:

NEW-YORK, October, 24, 1829.

"It is with great pleasure, and a duty I owe to the public welfare, that I hereby acknowledge the great utility of Doct. S. H. P. Lee's celebrated Pills for the cure of the STONE and GRAVEL in the kidneys and bladder. I have used them for some length of time in my practice, and am happy to say, have UNIFORMLY found them successful. I may add also, the testimony of many of our first Physicians in this city, who have used them in numerous instances, and speak of them in the highest terms."

"With these facts to support their beneficial effects, I do with the utmost confidence recommend them to all those who are afflicted with these distressing complaints.

(Signed)

T. JONES, M. D."

— "NEW-YORK CITY, October 20, 1829.

"I am fully satisfied from much experience in my practice, that Dr. S. H. P. Lee's compound Pills, for the Gravel and Stone, with its concomitant Nephritic symptoms, are an invaluable medicine, and infallible in almost every case, by eradicating the Stone or Gravel from the bladder, and so correcting the blood as to remove the tendency of the kidneys and Renal secretions to deposit calculi in the bladder, the cause of STONE; thereby avoiding the severe operation of Lithotomy, or cutting into the bladder. I have used the medicine freely and it has invariably removed the complaints, affording ease and comfort to the patient. The article is worthy the attention of the public, particularly those who labor under those distressing complaints, and, in my opinion, is the nearest to a perfect remedy of any composition to be found in any Materia Medica or medical writer.

JASPER C. FOSTER, Surgeon."

— The writers of the following are grave honest men, of the first standing for moral and religious integrity; their object is the welfare of the afflicted. Those now living in 1839, have informed me that they are entirely free from the complaint.

WATERFORD, Conn. June 5, 1830.

"To whom it may concern. This is to certify, that I have been troubled with that distressing complaint, the Gravel, for twelve years—have had many poor turus, so that I had to lay by all business. I was often attacked with sharp, cutting, grinding pains in the kidneys, back and thighs, which are indescribable—after some hours, would seem to abate for a time and then return, discharging thick bloody urine, with redish sediment, &c. I had almost despaired of getting cured, especially when I had the most excruciating pains imaginable—I tried the Harlam Oil, and many other remedies. I consulted physicians, some of whom informed me there was no cure for it—I took their medicines to no effect. At last I heard of a composition of Doct. S. H. P. Lee of New London, formed for this disease, which I took for three or four weeks, and at the same time drank freely of dandelion tea as a common drink; as it was inconvenient to get the tea at all times, I carried the dandelion in my pocket and chewed it. I got entirely well of the gravel in a few months—taking the compound, the parts healed, and I have had no return of it since. I therefore certify this for the benefit of others afflicted with the same complaint.

OLIVER MAXSON.

Oct. 1839 Mr. Maxson still enjoys perfect health, and may be inquired of at his farm in Waterford.

— WATERFOED, Conn. April 30, 1829.

"This may certify, that I was troubled with the Gravel upwards of seven years, for which time I was unable to do much business, and had not much hopes of ever being able to do any more. I applied to several physicians in New-York, Baltimore, and many other places, of the first standing for medical skill, but received no benefit from their prescriptions. I happened, by chance, to call on Doct. S. H. P. Lee, of New-London, Connecticut, and after taking his Pills, prepared for that disease, three

weeks, by taking three pills a day, viz : one pill morning, noon and night, I was entirely cured of that grievous complaint, and I have not been troubled with it since. This was about ten years ago, and I have known a number of persons, who have informed me that the pills have cured them. Having some of the medicine left, I gave the same to a Mr. Champlin of Lebanon, Ct. who informed me that it cured him and his wife also, and, that if requested, he would certify to the same for the public good.

ISAAC RODGERS.

The writer of the above informs me now, in 1843, that he remains entirely well. He may be inquired of at 160 Duane street, New York.

— WATERFORD, Ct., February 3, 1831.

Doct. S. H. P. Lee—Sir—About three years ago my son, Win. R. Beebe, came to my house from the State of Ohio. He informed me that he had been troubled with the Gravel for many years, and had employed all the Doctors in that part of the country, but could obtain no relief, and said as he could not labor, he came on to see his relatives once more, not expecting to live long in that situation. He took your gravel medicine for about two weeks: it brought away a large stone and much gravel from him, and on continuing the medicine, he passed another; he got entirely well and returned home. I have received letters from him since frequently; he informs me that he has not been troubled with the complaint since. I found that I was troubled with that complaint lately, without knowing what was the matter with me. I took your medicine about the same time he did, and it cured me entirely. I can safely recommend them to others, hoping that this valuable medicine may have a general circulation, for the good of mankind. I remain your friend,

PAUL BEEBE.

— WATERFORD, Conn. 13th Oct. 1829.

I hereby certify that I have for a short time, made use of Doct. S. H. P. Lee's Pills, prepared for the cure of the Gravel, and have obtained help by the use of the same, having been troubled with the complaint for fifty years. I am now eighty-eight years old.

JEREMIAH BROWN.

— WATERFORD, Conn. July 10, 1829.

This may certify, that I have been troubled with the Gravel from infancy, and by taking some of Dr. Lee's Pills prepared for that purpose, have got well.

POLLY DUNBAR.

— NEW-LONDON, Ct. Oct. 20, 1818.

"I hereby certify, that for many years I was afflicted with the stone and gravel. I had severe pains in my back, hips and loins. I passed a great quantity of a redish, brick colored sand, and sometimes little stones of a yellow cast, and very rough. Sometimes I was much troubled in passing my urine, and then it would be bloody and mixed with white glary matter: sometimes a sickness at my stomach, and a loss of appetite would follow the excessive pain, and when I labored hard all day at caulking under a ship's bottom, I was generally worse at night. I suffered severely for many years, although I took medicines from several doctors, which sometimes would relieve me for a few hours, and then return again as bad as ever. I gave up ever being cured, until a friend told me to apply to Doct. S. H. P. Lee, who he said had cured him of the same complaint. I did so, and took his Gravel Pills about four or five weeks, and was entirely cured. While I was taking the Gravel Pills, I passed several stones, one of which measured three-fourths of an inch in length. I have had no return of the disease for several years, and am as well as I ever was in my life.

NICHOLAS DARROW.

— The following Letters are published by the special request of the writers :—

EAST-HADDAM, Conn. January 23d, 1840.

Doctor S. H. P. Lee :

Dear Sir,—For several years past, I have been subject to frequent attacks of the GRAVEL, in the kidneys and bladder, so severe at times, as to confine me to my house and bed, and my general health has been very much impaired thereby. The attacks would come on with a severe pain in the small of my back, across my loins, with numbness in my lower limbs, accompanied with cold chills, and great irritability of the stomach, and in the neck of the bladder, with a constant inclination to void

urine, attended frequently, with a disability to do so, and which deposited a red gravelly sediment, &c. Having taken the prescriptions given me by different Physicians, and deriving only temporary relief, I began to despair of ever getting entirely cured until recently; having a severe attack last summer, I applied to your son at Leesville, to prescribe something to relieve me. He informed me, that when he was in Practice, he had entirely removed this complaint in several instances, with your compound Gravel Specific. He obtained some from you for me, and I continued to take it according to your directions for three or four weeks, when all my distressing symptoms were entirely removed, and my general health began immediately to improve, and it is now sir, more than six months, and I have had no return of the disease, and my health generally, has been better this winter, than I have known it for several years, which I impute entirely to the effects of your medicine. Having recently read your treatise, on the Gravel, it gave me pleasure to find that you had taken a course, by which the public are to have the benefit of your medicine, and as I have had an opportunity of testing its curative effects, in my own case, I shall most cheerfully recommend it to all those who are troubled with this afflicting disease.

I am yours, &c.

HYRAM CHACE.

NEW-LONDON, February 28, 1840.

DR. LEE—Sir,—I have been afflicted with the gravel from my infancy; when a child, I can remember having often a hot Flat-Iron applied to my back, and other remedies for pains; at seventeen years of age, I was severely troubled with sharp pains in the Kidnies, and across my back, and down my thighs, with great heat and numbness: I discharged great quantities of a reddish Gravel and bloody urine, attended with great pain and heat at the neck of the bladder; my Kidnies became swelled, dropsical symptoms threatened me, my general health became bad, I had frequent suppressions of urine, and was obliged to resort to a Catheter, &c. and thus afflicted, and by turns so severe, as to be obliged to take to my bed, with sickness at my stomach and in great agony all over, I passed about twenty years more of my life (with the exception of short intervals), without knowing what it was to enjoy a whole day in health: I had in the mean time taken remedies from our Physicians, with only temporary relief; I went to New-York and Philadelphia, and consulted the best Doctors and Surgeons in those places; I was operated upon, for the Stone in the bladder, by Doct. Wister, President of the Medical College, in Philadelphia, but he found only gravel, and I dragged on a miserable life, overseeing my business as well as I could, in great pain and distress, concluding there was no cure for me, until last summer, when Capt. Oliver Maxon, of Waterford, recommended your Specific, which he said had entirely cured him. I took your Solvent according to directions, drinking daily the dandelion tea, and in a short time, began to perceive the effects on my Kidnies and bladder, different from any remedy I ever took before. My complaints gave way gradually, I discharged large quantities of sandy gravel, mucus and muddy urine; my kidnies are now restored to a sound state; the gravel has disappeared, and all my distressing symptoms gone, except an occasional stricture of the prostate gland by taking cold or heavy strain; my general health was never so good as now; my nerves are restored to natural firmness, and I can enjoy my nightly repose with quiet comfort, and as I impute entirely my present good state of health, to the power of your medicine, I send you this statement of my case, authorising its publication for the benefit of the afflicted.

I am Sir, yours, respectfully,

JONATHAN SIZER.

NEW-LONDON, Conn., February 28, 1841.

Doct. S. H. P. LEE—Sir,—I should feel myself ungrateful to you, and guilty of a much greater injury to mankind, if I were to withhold from the public, the extraordinary cure performed by your Gravel Specific in my own case.

I had been afflicted for four years, with that tormenting disease, the Gravel in the kidneys and bladder, attended with sharp grinding pains across my loins, running to the neck of the bladder; at times irregular discharges of discolored and bloody urine, sometimes white and milky, at others, dark and muddy; at times totally suppressed, and when discharged would carry with it large quantities of a redish sediment of particles of stone, accompanied with sickness at the stomach, vomiting, chills, occasional fever, a sense of numbness down my lower limbs with nervous irritation over the whole system.

This train of symptoms so destroyed my constitution, that I was obliged to give up my mercantile business and seek relief as I best could. While in this situation and getting only temporary relief from my kind Physicians, I was told of your medicine, but having little faith in the power of any medicine, as an efficient remedy, I hesitated about trying it, but the persuasion of friends induced me to give it a trial. I commenced the use of it, according to your directions, drinking freely of the dau-

delion tea. Before many days I perceived its powerful effects on my kidneys giving me ease and comfort in passing water—discharging large quantities of Gravel and mucus, and by degrees my pains began to lessen, and all my distressing symptoms to subside, and in three or four weeks, I could ride in an easy sulky, and by degrees on horseback, and in a buggy wagon, without giving pain, and in eight weeks, I was entirely rid of all my gravel symptoms. I now began to gain flesh and strength with a general restoration of my whole system. I am now in perfect health, and in the duties of my office, as Sheriff's Deputy of this County, can endure as much fatigue both by night and by day, as any man whatever; and for this great blessing under a kind Providence I am entirely indebted to your invaluable discovery, and hope for the benefit of others afflicted with the Gravel, that you may live to cure your thousands, none of whom can feel more grateful, than your friend and well-wisher.

THOMAS J. AVERY.

The extraordinary case of Mr. Pool.

NEW-LONDON, July 13, 1840.

DOCT. SAMUEL H. P. LEE :

Dear Sir,—I consider it my duty to my fellow creatures, and to you in particular, to make known my case to the world, for the benefit of those who are suffering with the Gravel and Stone in the kidneys and bladder.

I was first attacked when I was about six years old, with pains across the small of the back, with spasms down to the neck of the bladder and along the urethra, frequent suppression of urine, heat and inflammation in the bladder, and constant inclination to pass my urine, sometimes every half hour, high colored and sometimes bloody. Hot applications such as hot bricks, burning brands quenched in water, were often applied to my back and loins, to promote urine and prevent convulsions. I had much sickness at stomach and vomitings, head ache, loss of appetite, great weakness, and the above symptoms were always aggravated after taking cold. Such were my sufferings, with short intervals of ease, for about sixteen years, during which time I was able to attend to some business; my gravel complaint varying in violence, under the use of medicines, but no abatement of my gravel disease. About two years ago, after taking a heavy cold, I was brought very low, and entirely prostrated, with sharp cutting, grinding pains in my kidneys, a dead numbness down my hips, thighs, and lower limbs—urine thick, bloody, mixed with mucus and matter very offensive as if from ulcers, constant and painful desire to pass water, say from twenty to thirty times a night, for a week together; my spasms so severe as to require watchers to prevent my tearing myself from excessive agony, some discharges of small stones and gravel in bloody urine. My Doctors gave me Carb. Soda, Uva-ursi, Liquor Potass, Balsam Capivi, Tincture of Iron, the plant called Buchu, Black Drop, half an ounce a night, besides a whole ounce of Elixir of Opium, sometimes two ounces, also two ounces of Morphine in twenty-four hours; one day I was in such distress that I took an ounce of Morphine in two hours.

From December 1838, to October 1839, I was confined most of the time to my bed, not being able to sit up more than one hour in twenty-four, with severe pains, loss of appetite and strength, sickness at stomach, and same difficulties, with increased heat and inflammation of the bladder, taking daily almost an ounce of Morphine, but no abatement of my gravel symptoms. My kind and attentive Physicians having done every thing that medical skill could devise, I despaired of ever being any better, not expecting to live but a short time.

In this situation, I was advised by my friends and one of my doctors in particular, knowing its composition, to try your Gravel Specific, as a forlorn hope, and accordingly placed myself under your special charge on the 30th of October 1839. In three or four days I began to feel the effects of your medicine operating upon my kidneys, giving me ease and comfort, lessening all my pains, passing and changing the color of my urine, discharging it more freely, and with it TEA-SPONFULS of stone and gravel, from the size of a small pea to small sand of a light color, some of it redish, with sharp points like broken glass; the milky purulent and stringy appearances in my urine gradually disappeared, my urine became pure, free, and no oftener than in health, and after constantly taking your medicine till about the 1st of March 1840, I became so much better as to take exercise in the open air, and continued gaining my general health, and as my pains gave way, reduced the morphine to a trifle, my appetite returned, the sickness at stomach gone, my kidneys became sound and healthy, so that I could lie on one side as well as the other, which I had not done for years; and now at this present time, I am entirely free from all my gravel symptoms; I can lie in bed all night, am gaining flesh rapidly, and daily growing stronger, and able to do any easy work; my kidneys will bear any pressure, and my nerves are getting regular and strong; I can truly say that I am now in the enjoyment of health, such as I never before experienced. Thanks be to Him who maketh and

cureth the diseases of the body, and many thanks to you, by whose medicine I am cured, and I hope all who are afflicted, will avail themselves of your medicine, which I fully believe will always cure the Gravel in its worst state.

I am your greatly obliged and faithful friend,

JACOB G. POOL.

NEW-LONDON, July 15, 1840.—We, the Subscribers, hereby certify that the above named JACOB C. POOL is a native of this city, of good moral character, and unimpeachable integrity, and the fullest reliance may be placed upon his declarations as set forth in his letter above. Many of us were personally acquainted with his sufferings, and know that his description is not exaggerated.

B. C. BAXTER, (DRUGGIST.)

(HON.) ELIAS PERKINS.

(COL.) INCREASE WILSON.

(REV.) JOSEPH HURLBUT.

(CAPT.) EBENEZER WAY.

CHARLES A. LEWIS, (Esq.)

(GEN.) H. BURBECK.

DAVID COIT, (SEC. UNION INS. COM.)

(HON.) JOHN P. TROTT.

(HON.) FRANCIS ALLYN, (MAYOR OF CITY.)

N. S. PERKINS, (M. D.)

HAVENS & SMITH, (MERCHANTS.)

SAMUEL CHANY, (Esq.)

(REV.) SQUIRE B. HASCALL.

C. J. ALLEN, (Esq. POSTMASTER.)

The following notice appeared in the New York Express, in October, 1840 :

INFIRMARY FOR THE GRAVEL. . . DOCT. S. H. P. LEE.

FOR so many years known as the discoverer of the celebrated New-London Bilious Pills, has removed to this city, and has opened an Infirmary at 70 Nassau street. Dr. Lee is so well known through this country, it is hardly necessary to speak of him. We have been acquainted with him for thirty years. He is a regular physician of established reputation—a gentleman of intelligence and character. For a number of years he has been a successful practitioner for that disease, which is said to be so excruciatingly painful and dangerous. He has established himself here to extend his sphere of usefulness, and has exhibited to us a great number of private letters from highly respectable persons, who state that they have been entirely cured under his treatment. Dr. Lee is a gentleman in whom the public may place entire confidence.—N. Y. EXPRESS.

Dr. Lee is authorised to refer to James B. Wilson, Esq. merchant, 49 Water-st.; John Pierce, Esq. 88 Warren-st., Brooklyn, and Isaac Rogers, 160 Duane st., in relation to his remedy; and is permitted to publish the following letter from an eminent physician in Connecticut, whose sympathies for the afflicted never yield to professional prejudices.

MIDDLETOWN, CONN. Sept. 23, 1840.

DR. SAMUEL H. P. LEE, New-York: Dear Sir, I received some time since your package forwarded by Mr. Smith, for which I am greatly obliged. I have given the medicine a fair trial in a severe case of gravel, unaccompanied by any other medicine, and consider it one of the best preparations for gravel that I have ever used. It acted promptly and decidedly in eliminating the secretion of urine, and in removing whatever of obstructions existed at the time. The patient was a man about 70 years of age, in whose case the gravel had for several years been a very troublesome symptom. I discontinued the medicine at his own suggestion, and he affirmed that he had no farther use for a remedy to restore the secretion of the urine, or to remove any obstruction in its passage.

I am now trying it in a case of leucorrhoea, (fluor albus, or whites) and make no doubt but that it will succeed equally well as in the gravel, and cannot but hope it may answer a valuable purpose in most of the uterine and urinary difficulties, for which we are so frequently called upon to prescribe. I shall most cheerfully do what I can to favor the introduction of your remedy on account of its own merit.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

THOMAS MINER, 2d, M. D.

The case of John Pierce, Esq., (an officer in the New-York Custom-House, residing at No. 88 Warren street, Brooklyn, N. Y.) in a letter to Miss F. H. of Boston, in answer to the following letter of inquiry.

SIR—I take the liberty to address to you a letter of enquiry. My mother is suffering extremely with stone in the bladder; and having failed to obtain relief from the skill of our most distinguished medical men, and having learned that in a similar case you used the medicine prepared by Dr. S. H. P. Lee, and found benefit from it, is induced to ask your opinion of its merits. Will you have the goodness to state to me what advancement the disease had made in your case; if it had really amounted to stone in the bladder, and if you are really relieved from its distressing consequences. Dr. Lee of Boston, [a son of Dr. S. H. P. Lee] has referred us to you to satisfy my mother's doubts, for she is entirely skeptical. She is now confined to her bed, and has not left her room for nine weeks; much of the time her sufferings have been almost insupportable, and I am satisfied if she does not soon obtain relief, we must ere long be called to the saddest parting earth can witness. Will you have the goodness to give me an early reply? Please address to the care of G. H., Boston.

I am, very respectfully,

F. H.

Boston, Jan. 18, 1841.

—
To Miss F. H., Boston.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 21, 1841.

I received your letter of enquiry [dated the 18th inst.] yesterday evening; and in reply will state briefly that I have suffered with gravel and stone in the bladder, about 18 years; so much so that life was a burden to me; not a day nor a night passed, but what I had more or less pain and suffering. I sought and tried all the medicine that was recommended for the gravel, but it all amounted to nothing more than temporary relief. Last winter, (1839-40) I was taken down violently with the above disease, and through the providence of GOD, I was informed of the wonderful cures that had been performed by Dr. Lee's Gravel Medicine; I immediately sent to my friend C. F. Lester, Esq., the collector of the customs at the port of New-London, and he immediately forwarded it to me, and its healing power has restored me to health. I will state, according to your request, that I have had pass me since I commenced taking Dr. Lee's medicine, upwards of thirty very sharp and rough stones, the most of them as large as large peas, besides great quantities of coarse brown gravel. This medicine operates upon the kidneys and bladder, so as to dissolve and bring away all those hard substances, and finally to cure the disease.

Tell your poor suffering mother to place implicit confidence in Dr. Lee and his medicine, and by following his directions it will certainly cure her. I know of many wonderful cures that have been made by Dr. S. H. P. Lee in the city of New-York, and also one very extraordinary case, in West-Stockbridge, Massachusetts, a Mr. Hubbert Fox, agent of the Marble Co., [which furnished marble for the new custom house in New-York] who was given up by all the doctors in his neighborhood, as past cure, and nothing could lengthen out his life but to have an operation performed; and Mr. Fox told me that he was on his way to Kentucky to be operated upon by the distinguished Dr. Dudley of Lexington, when he accidentally heard of Dr. Lee's medicine, and proceeded forthwith to Dr. Lee, and commenced his patient early in September last, and is now a well man. I saw Mr. Fox in the city of New-York in January, and he told me the whole of his sufferings, and that were it not for his family, he was often tempted to take his own life, and that he actually had a large stone formed in the bladder, as the doctors ascertained by sounding; so you will see it must have been dissolved.

Do not hesitate one moment about taking the medicine; for if one word from me could induce your poor mother to take it as I have done, it would give me great comfort, as I know it must cure her; quite a number of our most distinguished doctors in New-York, have used Dr. Lee's Gravel Medicine, and recommend it highly.

Excuse this hasty letter, as I have but a short time before the mail closes.

Yours, with much respect,

JOHN PIERCE, 88 Warren-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The case of Henry Luce, Esq., as described in his letter addressed to the same person in Boston, who wrote *him* as well as Mr. Pierce for information.

To Miss F. H., Boston.

New-York, [Howard's Hotel,] Jan. 23d, 1841.

I received your favor of the 20th inst., asking my opinion of Dr. Lee's medicine for the cure of stone in the "bladder;" not being a medical man, I can only give you an opinion, founded on experience in my own case. Having suffered so severely from the effects of instruments and injections into my bladder, which nearly destroyed me, and being at this time so providentially recovered, and in fair prospect of a radical cure, under the medicine and attendance of Dr. Lee, that it gives me pleasure to give you all the aid in my power.

It would be supererogatory in me to say, whether I had a stone in my bladder or not, when even Doctors differ in opinion on that point, by a sounding process with instruments—but I do know that after I came under the care of Dr. Lee, and had taken his solvent a few days, I began to discharge quantities of gravel, small stones, and pulverised dust, mixed with muddy mucus, ropy, stringy, animal matter, very offensive, accompanied sometimes with blood—and that I continued to amend very rapidly, my pains in the kidneys and urethra abating—the inflammation of the bladder [occasioned, I have no doubt, by the twenty odd operations of soundings and injections] subsiding—my hectic fever, which has been consuming my flesh for weeks, was reduced from 120 strokes of pulse to 70 in a minute; my stomach, from loathing and rejecting every thing, began to retain light food, and now I can eat and digest the food of a healthy person; my bowels which had suffered much from costiveness, having frequently gone ten days at a time, are now regular; my urine improved in color and substance, free, and without any difficulty; my appetite good, [too good]; the tender soreness, everywhere gone; in short, I not only feel like a new man, but all the inmates of the Hotel, since my return to the parlor, are remarking on my wonderful recovery thus far, and I feel that my perfect restoration to health is near at hand. It is about four years since I was first attacked with calculi, and I have had only temporary relief from the waters of Saratoga and warm climates, but my complaint this fall, after taking a great cold, completely prostrated me. I came to New-York and put myself under a physician the 28th Nov., who attended me with his instruments and injections into the bladder, until I could endure it no longer. He then told me, "I could not be cured," and could not expect to live but a short time. At this critical moment, viz. the 23d December, I was advised to send for Dr. Lee. His skill and Lithontriptic, has restored me already to better health than I have enjoyed for five or six years. I am in daily use of his solvent and dandelion tea, and shall continue them a month or two longer, to divest my system of any calcareous tendency, and I feel confident that my complaint is conquered. I sincerely hope that your suffering parent will commence immediately and give the medicine a fair trial, and persevere in it to a final cure, which I trust is in store for her afflicted family.

Very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

HENRY LUCE.

New-York, April 20, 1841.

TO DR. SAM'L. H. P. LEE.—Sir, I consider it to be a duty which I owe to you and the public, to bear testimony to the efficacy of your medicine, in the cure of the Stone and Gravel, and to make known the benefits I have experienced from its use.

During the fall of 1840, I was attacked by a very severe case of the Stone and Gravel, and for the space of four months I was in the greatest misery, being afflicted with pains in the kidneys and small of the back, and frequently discharging bloody urine. During that time I could not attend to my business, and as I had tried various remedies and been under the care of several physicians, without obtaining the least relief, I almost despaired of ever being cured. Fortunately I heard of your medicine, and commenced using it about the 16th of January, with I confess, but little hope of success. However, after using it about six weeks, and paying a strict attention to your directions, I found myself perfectly recovered. During the time I was using your medicine, I frequently passed large quantities of Gravel, and several times Stones, each as large as a garden pea. I am now in perfect health, and able to attend to my business as usual.

To you, sir, I return my sincere thanks, as I believe your medicine has been the means of preserving my life.

With feelings of gratitude,

I remain yours, respectfully

JAMES GALLAGHER, 18 Canal st., N. Y.

Copy of a Letter from JAMES LEA, Esq., Merchant, (of the firm of Pannell & Lea,) Petersburg, Va., to Doct. S. H. P. LEE, at his Gravel Infirmary, No. 70 Nassau-street, New-York.—The eminent respectability and standing of the writer, will give importance to this letter, and consolation to the afflicted, and to the community at large, interesting intelligence.

Petersburg, Va., December 5, 1841.

Doct. S. H. P. LEE,

Dear Sir:—I have neglected writing you, perhaps longer than I should have done, and certainly longer than I intended, but I hope you will not attribute the delay to any want of respect on my part, but to its true cause—inproper neglect and delay, which should not have occurred considering the great obligation I necessarily feel under towards you, from the great benefit I have derived from the use of your valuable remedy for the Stone and Gravel.

You recollect it was the latter part of March last, when I first had the happiness to become acquainted with you, and was at that time confined to my room in New-York, (Howard's Hotel,) from a painful attack of that most painful of all diseases, the GRAVEL or affection of the Kidneys, from which my sufferings have been great beyond description. My first attack of that disease was about six years ago, during which time, up to the period I became acquainted with you, I was subject to violent paroxysms, every two or three months,—sometimes oftener, and for which I had tried the prescriptions of the most eminent Physicians within my reach, and from which I do not know that I derived any permanent benefit, nothing more than temporary relief, and more than nine months ago, I was fully under the impression that I must fall a victim to the disease, and that in a very short time, as the attacks became more frequent, and were attended with additional pain and suffering, and the usual remedies affording relief were longer in producing that effect. In about four weeks after I commenced taking your remedy, I began to pass gravel freely, in particles of the size of fine gunpowder, to that of a number over that, which I continued to do daily for six or eight weeks, without pain or difficulty, and it is almost incredible the quantity that I passed during that period: I should say at least half a pint. My health is now good, and I think I am pretty much if not entirely relieved from the disease, although I still occasionally pass small particles of gravel, and continue occasionally the use of your invaluable remedy, whenever I feel any thing like the old symptoms about the kidney region.

For several years previous to the use of your remedy, I experienced nearly all the time, an unpleasant sensation about the kidney region, and weakness in the small part of the back, and when I would stoop for any purpose and remain in that position, even for a short time, for instance in washing my face, when I would again straighten myself it would be attended with considerable pain. These unpleasant and painful sensations I have got entirely rid of, and have no attack and but little suffering from the disease since your remedy began to operate. I have taken much trouble to recommend the use of it to others, similarly affected with myself, and I believe it has invariably been attended with the most beneficial results, where the instructions have been attended to strictly. I could say much more, but you may think I have already been too prolix on the subject. I can say for myself truly and with feelings of gratitude, that your remedy with me, has had the most happy effect, and has relieved me from a painful and afflicting disease, from which I had despaired of relief.

Yours, truly,

JAMES LEA.

A Medical Case of Gravel;—Kidnies in a very advanced State of granular disorganization; Anasarcal Dropsy, and a train of complex secondary diseases; Blood highly charged with Urea; Lithic Diathesis; Hypertrophy of the Heart; Incipient disease of the Liver, &c.; treated successfully, at the New-York Gravel Infirmary, No. 70 Nassau-street, with Dr. S. H. P. Lee's Lithontriptic.

Shrewsbury, New-Jersey, July 31, 1842.

To Dr. S. H. P. LEE, New-York :

Dear Sir,—The sympathy which I feel for suffering humanity, whose lot it is to be afflicted with one of the most excruciating maladies, mortal flesh is heir to,—The Gravel and Stone in the Kidnies and Bladder,—and to express my gratitude to you, for my recovery [under Providence] from that disease in its very worst form, by your medical course, induces me to address you with the history of my case, and to request you to make it public for the benefit of the afflicted, not in a puffing spirit merely to benefit you, or for the vanity of appearing in print myself, but from a moral sense of duty towards my suffering fellow-creatures.

In 1838, I began to complain of lassitude and weakness in my limbs and great depression of spirits, this was soon followed by a continual fixed pain across the small of my back—so severe at times that I could not put on my coat. In December, 1840 I began to discharge, with my urine, bloody mucus mixed with sand, gravel and pebble stones as large as heads of great pins, with white matter like pus, very offensive, attended with a desire to urinate from 30 to 40 times in 24 hours, accompanied with nausea at stomach and vomitings, a bad appetite and obstinate costive bowels. In a short time I was obliged to give up labor entirely; my strong and hale constitution run down rapidly, I became depressed and weak, and was obliged to lie in bed much of my time; a dull hanging pain extended from my back to the shoulders, head, eye-balls and limbs. All these symptoms gradually increasing until the following June, when I became much swollen in my flesh, over my body and limbs. Indentations with my thumb would remain long. My pains were by turns so sharp and severe, with great exhaustion and short breathing, that I was sometimes thought to be dying. Under this state of things I had the best medical attendance, my kind Physicians told me my case was the worst kind of Gravel disease, attended with consequent disease of the organs and secretions generally, and usual remedies used without any abatement of my disease. I was now advised to consult the Doctors in New-York, and was accordingly brought there in the summer of 1841, and applied to Dr. P——, who, on a close and detailed examination, pronounced my disease to be the Gravel, attended with a diseased Liver, Dropsy, Rheumatism and Heart affection. At this time, besides the constant discharges from my kidnies and bladder, I had a swelling on my right side just below the short ribs, which on rubbing or pressing would make a noise over my liver like the gurgling of a frog, or wind and water, my heart would palpitate, and my breathing being short would make such a commotion in my breast, that the striking pulsations were visible across the room; my discharges now were to an almost incredible extent from the bladder, like bloody mucus mixed with brown mud, and I was so universally swelled that my clothes could not be worn. Doctor P—— with great candor and delicacy, said he felt it his duty to tell me that I was incurable, and advised me to return home and await the result with resignation; I did so, and remained without any doctoring, except those remedies in common use about three weeks, and grew gradually worse.

Unwilling still to give up all hopes of relief, [for it was only temporary relief that I hoped or expected while I did live;] I was recommended to another eminent Doctor in New-York, Doctor F——, who attended me some two or three weeks, with some improvement in my short breathing and costiveness, but my Gravel and Kidney disease, with the pains and discharges gradually grew worse. My kind and estimable Doctor, now told me frankly that my case was so doubtful and unyielding that he advised me to return home; but at this juncture, your treatise was put into my hands by Mr. Isaac Rogers of the Washington Market in New-York. I put it into Doctor F——'s hands and asked his opinion, whether I should apply to you; he advised me to do so; and Mr. Rogers having informed me that you had cured him of the Gravel some 20 years ago, and urging me to call upon you, I laid aside

my incredulity, for I was now in almost hopeless despair, and applied to you on the 2nd of September, 1841. I took your medicines and directions and returned home, and began upon the course the 3d and continued most perseveringly, under a gradual mitigation of all my various symptoms. For some time my urinary discharges were muddy and like coffee grounds, with the passing of small Gravel very hard from the smallest size to the bigness of the head of a great pin. At length the urine became of a lighter color, the swelling in my right side disappeared; my dropsical swellings subsided; my stomach affection went off, and my appetite began to be good, and my bowels in a healthy condition. I constantly grew better, and continued your medicine until the middle of May, 1842, when I found myself so well, and free from every symptom of complaint, except muscular weakness, that I began to labor; and now am able to do nearly as much labor as any well man. My urine is perfectly healthy, clear and free and natural, and I can ride without any pain or uneasiness; and my general health and appearance is so changed, that my neighbors salute me as one raised from the dead.

I am your greatly obliged and faithful friend,

SAMUEL C. STOUT.

We the Subscribers hereby certify that the above named Samuel C. Stout, is a native of this Village, (Shrewsbury,) of great moral character, and unimpeachable integrity; and the fullest reliance may be placed upon his declarations as set forth in his letter above; many of us were personally acquainted with his sufferings, and know that his description is not exaggerated.

I. R. CLARK, MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL,
GOODENNOUGH TRUAX.

ELHANAN STOUT,
BENJAMIN HARRIS,
WILLIAM L. STOUT,
ELHANAN II. STOUT,
MILTON ELY.

A SEVERE CASE OF GRAVEL,—very advanced disorganization of both Kidnies; Granular Elimination of Calculi, accompanied with Hæmaturia and Mucophosphatic discharges; derangement of the digestive organs, nausea, costiveness, abdominal and nephritic pains, œdematous swelling of the feet and legs, frequent micturation of urine, pulse 90 to 100 and feeble, great prostration of muscular strength, great exhaustion of fibrin of the blood, palid countenance and tongue; and other secondary affections incident to an exhausted constitution, &c. &c. Cured by a Course of **DR. LEE'S LITHONTRIPTIC**, as may be seen from the following Letter from the Patient.

DOCTOR S. H. P. LEE, }
No. 36 John-st., N. Y. }

West Farms, Nov. 15, 1842

Sir,—Having recovered unexpectedly from that dreadful disease, the Gravel, by your invaluable Medicine, I feel a desire that every person laboring under the same disease, should avail themselves of it. If you have any patients that are desponding, tell them not to be discouraged in the least,—only persevere. Inform them of my case. There never was no person brought nearer the Grave with any disease, that ever recovered, than I have been with that, and it is your medicine, and that alone, in the hands of Him that can kill and make alive again, that has restored me to my almost usual health.

I am your greatly obliged, and sincere Friend,

ANNA MAPES.

New-York, Nov. 18, 1842.

The above Letter having been exhibited to me, from Miss Mapes, I beg

leave to state that I am personally acquainted with her, and know her to be a lady of good character and integrity, and the fullest reliance may be placed upon her statement.

W. BEACH, M. D., 223 Bowery.

Further information, touching this extraordinary recovery may be obtained by calling on Doctor W. Beach, 223 Bowery; Benjamin Mapes, No. 130 Monroe street; or at Doct. Lee's Infirmary, 36 John-street.

DOCT. S. H. P. LEE:

Middleton, Conn., Nov. 25, 1842.

Sir,—Permit me to state to you, that early in July last I was violently attacked with the Gravel. Pain in the back and inclination to avoid urine were constantly attendant symptoms. My tongue was covered with a thick coat of white fur. Urine voided with the utmost difficulty, of a red color and often bloody. Under this state of suffering I sent for Dr. Thomas Miner, who, on examining the urine, found a copious deposit of gravel, resembling particles of sand; large quantities of which had adhered to the sides of the vessel, appearing in the form of crystals; when held to the light upon an opaque substance innumerable points of gravel were apparent on a slight examination. Your Lithontriptic was recommended and furnished by Dr. Miner, of which I took one bottle; the relief was speedy and entire; and the recovery from the consequences of the attack was very rapid; since which I have had no attack. Please forward me one bottle more that I may have it on hand in case I should suffer another paroxysm, as I should be unwilling to dispense with a medicine that afforded such relief.

Yours, respectfully,

EZRA COE.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM THE REV. MR. WOOD.

Middletown, Orange Co., N. Y., Nov. 29, 1842.

TO DR. SAMUEL H. P. LEE:

My Dear Friend,—I have now used your Lithontriptic Medicine two months, agreeably to directions; since taking them all the distressing symptoms have ceased. I have no pain in the bladder, and none in the ureters. The secretion of urine is in proper quantity, and as far as I can see, natural and right. The irritation of body with which I was afflicted is gone. My flesh and strength have greatly increased. My appetite is now uniformly good. I have no acute pain any where. A slight weakness in the small of the back, of which I should scarcely be conscious, if I had not once passed a small stone, is the only thing which reminds me that there is probably in my kidneys a tendency to gravel.

Your medicine is the only thing I have taken, and I am confident it is the best remedy known for my disease. I am most thankful to God for your acquaintance, and for your medicine, with a thousand thanks for its great good to me. I wish you to send me two more bottles.

I ought to say to you that I had not enjoyed a day of comfort for two years, until I used this remedy. Such was the constant uneasiness about my whole system, and the distressing pains about the neck of the bladder, the derangement in the whole urinary system, that I never supposed my health could be again so good, as it now is. Indeed I am now strong and competent to perform my parochial duties all day, as ever I was, but the fears induced by such a miserable disease breaking in upon the constitution, are such as would make a hypochondriac of any but a Christian, and he would need much grace, and when cured not to have apprehensions still.

The child of Mr. Edward Stewart, which was brought to your office last August in such a miserable condition, is, and has been for a long time, to appearance, enjoying perfect health.

I am, with great respect and thankfulness, sincerely yours,

DANIEL P. WOOD, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM THE REV. D. M. WHARTON,

Cloverdale, Botetout Co., Virginia, Dec. 12, 1842.

DR. S. H. P. LEE:

Dear Sir,—It gives me much pleasure to say that I am better than I was when I wrote you last; the improvement is slow, but I trust it will progress and be permanent; and if it should I shall have much cause to bless God, and to be thankful to you. I shall need a further supply, which you can send as before, via Richmond.

With sincere wishes for your health and happiness, I remain your friend,

D. M. WHARTON.

New-York, Jan. 19, 1843.

DR. S. H. P. LEE, 36 John-street :

Prompted by a spirit of gratitude, for the cure you have effected in my case, I send you these few lines hoping it may be the means of inducing others similarly afflicted to avail themselves of means which have proved so efficacious to me.

It is now four years since I was first afflicted with the Gravel. I have been attended by four Physicians, and grew worse under their treatment; their prescriptions proving merely palliative. In fact, your predecessors did not seem to understand my case, calling it every thing but the right name—such as Kidney disease, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Catarrh of the Bladder, Nervous Irritability, and Inflammation.

I have taken four bottles of your Lithontriptic medicine, and followed your directions strictly about five months, and I trust I can say, it has effected a radical cure. My general health is restored, and my local disease has entire disappeared.

If my testimony, in behalf of your skill in this distressing disease, shall contribute to lead others to avail themselves of it, I shall be much gratified.

I remain with sentiments of regard and respect,

MARGARET D. LLOYD, 16 Stanton-st., or 3 Prince-st.

West Springfield, Mass., Jan. 1, 1843.

DOCT. S. H. P. LEE :

Sir,—I take this opportunity to communicate to you, (through the blessing of God and your instrumentality,) my perfect restoration to health, after suffering for eight years all the miseries of that dreadful disease, the Gravel. As you know all the particulars of my case, I give you my name to make use of, for the public good, as you shall see fit, simply adding, that I do believe, and my friends all say the same, that I must have been in my grave ere this, or possibly had a painful life prolonged, without even one day free from pain, had I not taken your invaluable Lithontriptic, and I do not hesitate to say, candidly and frankly, that I have not a doubt but your medicine will cure even the most severest case.

Yours, gratefully and respectfully,

FANNY C. MORGAN

A Lady of great respectability and wealth, in the city of New-York, about fifty years of age, after taking nine bottles of Dr. Lee's Lithontriptic, for a Stone in the bladder, dissolved it down to the size of a small filbert, and finally passed, and thus relieved her from all her distressing symptoms, and she is now in the enjoyment of uninterrupted good health.

Another Lady, of high distinction and great wealth, in the same city, about 22 years of age, was severely afflicted with the disorganization of the Kidnies and its attendant train of secondary complaints, with eliminations of granular phosphate, and morbid uric secretions; her constitution became impaired, and frequent abortions were the consequence. In January, 1841, she commenced Dr. Lee's Lithontriptic, and although then in a state of incipient pregnancy, she continued its use about six months; her general health improved, her gravel symptoms abated, and gestation went on uninterrupted to full time, and she then gave birth to a fine healthy child, to the great joy of all her friends and relations.

Extract from a Pamphlet edited by Mr. Chas. Holt in 1799, on the Yellow Fever in New-London, Conn., in 1798.

OF THE PHYSICIANS.

"As during the ravages of this terrible disorder, medical assistance was the greatest concern of the people, it may not be improper to mention their accommodation in that respect. Early in the sickness, all the Physicians, (but one, who was too much indisposed to practice, and another, Dr. Rawson, who was violently attacked by the Fever,) deserted the City, excepting DR. SAM'L H. P. LEE, to whose lot it fell alone and unassisted to combat the fury of this dreadful pestilence, and his conduct on the occasion was such as will call the warmest sentiment of gratitude and esteem, from the citizens of New-London, as long as the remembrance of the Yellow Fever shall exist in their minds. He cheerfully sustained the arduous task of visiting and supplying with medicine, from thirty to fifty patients daily, notwithstanding the great fatigue and danger of infection to which he peculiarly exposed

himself. How many owe their safety to his skill and assiduity, it is impossible to know, but in all probability, there are now many enjoying the invaluable blessing of life and health, who but for his benovolent care would have been tenants of the House of rest. In discharging the important duties, to which he so nobly devoted himself, he was seized with the prevailing disorder, but after a struggle of a few days, was happily preserved from falling a sacrifice to his humanity."

From the Brooklyn Annual Visiter, published by Doctor
Martin K. Bridges, D. D. S., 1843.

DR. S. H. P. LEE'S INFIRMARY FOR THE GRAVEL, No. 36 JOHN-STREET, N. Y.

In last year's edition of the Dental Mirror, we gave a brief notice of Dr. Lee's Infirmary, &c., as above. It was from the purest motives of benevolence and sympathy for those afflicted with this painful disease, and a desire that such might profit the information given by us, that we gave place to the article at all. We gave the notice then, as now, without solicitation from any source whatever, and we take this opportunity, to repeat what we said last year, viz:—Dr. Lee does not need our puffs nor praise, and this is not the object of this communication, but it is to give information that will lead to the speedy recovery of those afflicted with one of the most alarmingly painful diseases that human nature is subject to. We speak from actual knowledge, having used the medicine effectively in our own case. But cases of a much more alarming character (where a perfect cure has been performed by Dr. Lee's medicine) have come under our knowledge, and we unhesitatingly give it as our opinion that Dr. Lee's Lithontriptic, by the blessing of Providence, will conquer the most obdurate case of Gravel that can be found in our country. We refer our readers to Miss Anna Mapes of New York, who was brought to the very brink of death, in the most emaciated state, after being given up by every body, she was miraculously, as it were, cured by Dr. Lee's medicine in a few weeks.

We have only space to add, by way of advice to the afflicted, our entreaty that they call and see Dr. Lee personally at his office, No. 36 John-street, New-York, —the appearance of whose head, whitened as it is, under the highest honors of the Medical Faculty in this country, will banish every thought of quackery and charlatanry. And the thousand testimonials and undoubted evidence of cures performed by his medicine there to be seen, will hush every doubt in relation to a speedy cure in your own cases.

MARTIN K. BRIDGES.

Brooklyn, January 30th, 1843.

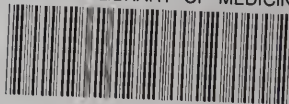
Doctor LEE's Registry of Cases and Cures, (some of which embrace large Stones in the Bladder, dissolved,) containing the names of respectable and distinguished citizens, may be seen by the INTERESTED at his New-York Gravel Infirmary, No. 36 John-street. Applications by letter, (post-paid,) with a description of the leading symptoms of the case, will be promptly attended to, and the Medicine forwarded as directed; price Five Dollars per bottle. Patients not able to bear this expense, will be satisfactorily considered. The Indigent Poor, GRATIS, if recommended by a Clergyman and Physician.

Persons afflicted with Rheumatism in the joints, Gout, Dropsy, Jaundice, Diabetes, Strictures in the urethra, Dyspepsia, arising from an obscure disease in the kidney, from its disorganization, Leucorrhœa, (whites,) and most of the Uterine affections, will find the use of this medicine very efficacious in removing those difficulties when all other medication has failed. As an alternative in removing Hepatic obstructions of the liver, and in correcti^{ng} the secretions generally, it has been found very efficacious.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., but he will give especial consultations, Mornings and Evenings, at his Rooms in the Mansion House, No. 39 Broadway. He will attend the Infirmary at their dwellings, if unable to call at the Infirmary Office.

A Branch of this Institute, under the care of HENRY S. LEE, M. D., is in successful operation at Boston, No. 3 Winter-st. Also at Cincinnati, Ohio, under Dr. Henry Clark of that City, who are supplied from the Parent Office, AND NO WHERE ELSE under any circumstances.

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